## **CLAIMS**

- 1. Use of a PPAR $\alpha$  agonist, metformin and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical formulation for decreasing serum triglycerides.
  - 2. Use of a PPAR $\alpha$  agonist, metformin and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical formulation for the treatment of metabolic syndrome.

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- 3. Use of a PPAR $\alpha$  agonist, metformin and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical formulation for the treatment of obesity.
- 15 4. The use according to one of claims 1 to 3, wherein the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist is a fibrate selected from the group consisting of gemfibrozil, fenofibrate, bezafibrate, clofibrate and ciprofibrate, a fibric acid derivative or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester of said fibric acid derivative.
- 5. The use according to claim 4, wherein the fibrate is fenofibrate, fenofibric acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester of fenofibric acid.
  - 6. The use according to one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the effective dosage of the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist is in the range of about 10 to about 3000 mg per day.
    - 7. The use according to one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the effective dosage of metformin is in the range of about 10 to about 3000 mg per day.
- 30 8. The use according to one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist and metformin are administered simultaneously.

- 9. The use according to one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist and metformin are administered sequentially.
- 10. Use of a PPAR $\alpha$  agonist and metformin for the manufacture of a kit for decreasing serum triglycerides, for the treatment of metabolic syndrome or for the treatment of obesity, the kit comprising two separate compositions, the first comprising the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist and the second comprising metformin or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 11. A method of decreasing serum triglycerides, of treating the metabolic syndrome or of treating obesity comprising co-administering to a patient in need thereof an effective dosage of a PPAR $\alpha$  agonist and metformin.
- 12. The method according to claim 11, wherein the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist is a fibrate selected from the group consisting of gemfibrozil, fenofibrate, bezafibrate, clofibrate and ciprofibrate, a fibric acid derivative or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester of said fibric acid derivative.
- 13. The method according to claim 12, wherein the fibrate is fenofibrate, fenofibric acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester of fenofibric acid.
- 14. The method according to one of claims 11 to 13, wherein the effective dosage of the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist is in the range of about 10 to about 3000 mg per day.
  - 15. The method according to one of claims 11 to 14, wherein the effective dosage of metformin is in the range of about 10 to about 3000 mg per day.

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16. The method according to one of claims 11 to 15, wherein the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist and metformin are administered simultaneously.

17. The method according to one of claims 11 to 15, wherein the PPAR $\alpha$  agonist and metformin are administered sequentially.